

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, ANDHRA PRADESH
AT HYDERABAD

(Special Original Jurisdiction)

WEDNESDAY, THE SIXTEENTH DAY OF JUNE
TWO THOUSAND AND FOUR

PRESENT

THE HON'BLE SRI DEVINDER GUPTA, THE CHIEF JUSTICE

AND

THE HON'BLE MS JUSTICE G.ROHINI

WRIT PETITION NO : 6253 of 2003 AND W.P.M.P.No.8171 of 2003

W.P.M.P.No.6253 of 2003

Between:

1. M/s. Padmalaya Studios Pvt. Limited, a company registered under the Companies Act, 1956, and having its Registered Office at Sy.No.403/1 (part) Road No.78, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad, rep. By its Manager.
2. G.Vara Prasad, S/o.G.Hanumantha Rao, aged about 35 yers, R/o.Sy.No.403/1 (part), Road No.78, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad.

..... PETITIONERS

AND

1. The Union of India, rep. By its Secretary, Ministry of Law
Shastry Bhavan, R.P. Road, New Delhi.
2. M/s.The Prudential Co-Operative Bank, 8-1-381, Rashtrapathi Road
Secunderabad-3.

....RESPONDENTS

Petition under Article 226 of the constitution of India praying that in the circumstances stated in the Affidavit filed herein the High Court will be pleased to issued a Writ of Mandamus, or any other appropriate writ, order or direction, declaring the securitisation and Reconstruction of Financial Assets & Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002, more particularly Section 13(2) and 13(4) as invalid and violative of the rights petitioner guaranteed under the Constitution of India and consequently declare the notice dated 15.2.2003 issued by the 2nd respondent under Section 13(2) of the Act as arbitrary, violative of principles of natural justice and Article 14, 19(1)(g) and 300 A of Constitution of India.

Counsel for the Petitioner:M/SC.KODANDA RAM

Counsel for the Respondent No.1: Mr.S.ASHOK ANAD KUMAR.

W.P.M.P NO : 8171 of 2003

IN

W.P.NO: 6253 of 2003

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..... PETITIONERS

(Petitioners in W.P.NO : 6253 of2003
on the file of High Court)

AND

1. The Union of India, rep. By its Secretary, Ministry of Law
Shastry Bhavan, R.P. Road, New Delhi.
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(Respondents in -do-)

Petition under Section 151 of CPC praying the High Court to stay all further proceedings consequent pursuant to the notice dated 15.2.2003 issued by the 2nd respondent under Section 13(2) of Securitisation & Reconstruction of Financial Assets & Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002, pending W.P.NO.6253 of 2003 on the file of the High Court

Counsel for the Petitioner: M/SC.KODANDA RAM

Counsel for the Respondent No.1: Mr.S.ASHOK ANAD KUMAR

The Court made the following:

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ORAL ORDER: (per Hon'ble The Chief Justice)

1. In view of the decision rendered by the Hon'ble Supreme Court in Transfer Case (Civil) No.92-95 of 2002, dated 8th April, 2004 [MARDIA CHEMICALS LTD v UNION OF INDIA & ORS] upholding the constitutional validity of the

provisions of the Securitisation And Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002, barring sub-section (2) of Section 17 of the Act, which was declared as ultra vires of Article 14 of the Constitution of India, this petition deserves to be decided in terms of the said decision. The Supreme Court in MARDIA CHEMICALS case has held that before taking action by the Bank under the provisions of the Act, a notice of 60 days is required to be given by the bank and after the measures under Section 13 (2) of the Act have been taken, mechanism has been provided under Section 17 of the Act to approach Debts Recovery Tribunal. Supreme Court has further held thus:

“1. Under sub-section (2) of Section 13 it is incumbent upon the secured creditor to serve 60 days notice before proceedings to take any of the measures as provided under sub-section (4) of Section 13 of the Act. After service of notice, if the borrower raises any objection or places facts for consideration of the secured creditor, such reply to the notice must be considered with due application of mind and the reasons for not accepting the objections, howsoever brief they may be, must be communicated to the borrower. In connection with this conclusion we have already held a discussion in the earlier part of the judgment. The reasons so communicated shall only be for the purposes of the information/knowledge of the borrower without giving rise to any right to approach the Debt Recovery Tribunal under Section 17 of the Act, at that stage.

2. As already discussed earlier, on measures having been taken under sub-section (4) of Section 13 and before the date of sale/auction of the property it would be open for the borrower to file an appeal (petition) under Section 17 of the Act before the Debt Recovery Tribunal.

3. That the Tribunal in exercise of its ancillary powers shall have jurisdiction to pass any stay/interim order subject to the condition as it may deem fit and proper to impose.

4. In view of the discussion already held on this behalf, we find that the requirement of deposit of 75% of amount claimed before entertaining an appeal (petition) under Section 17 of the Act is an oppressive, onerous and arbitrary condition against all the canons of reasonableness. Such a condition is invalid and it is liable to be struck down.

5. As discussed earlier in this judgment, we find that it will be open to maintain a civil suit in civil court, within the narrow scope and on the limited grounds on which they are permissible, in the matters relating to an English mortgage enforceable without intervention of the court.”

2. In view of the decision of the Supreme Court upholding constitutional validity of the offending provisions of the Act, we dismiss the writ petition thereby reserving liberty to the petitioner to work out his/its remedies as provided under the Act including filing of appeal under Section 17 of the Act within the period of limitation prescribed therefor, to be counted from today.

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3. In view of the dismissal of the writ petition, the interim directions stand vacated and the WPMP stands disposed of as such.

ASSISTANT REGISTRAR

// TRUE COPY //

SECTION OFFICER

To

1. The Secretary, Union of India, Ministry of Law

Shastry Bhavan, R.P. Road, New Delhi.

2. M/s.The Prudential Co-Operative Bank, 8-1-381, Rashtrapathi Road

Secunderabad-3.

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